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### The SIMP and the Vector Meson

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Les Houches on Dark Universe

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### Outline

- What are SIMPs?
- SIMP models with vector mesons
- Towards realistic SIMP Dark Matter





### Team



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### Dark Matter

Evidence:

- Structure formation
- Rotation curves
- (···)

Properties:

- Gravitates
- Non-relativistic
- 5x as much as ordinary matter

#### **Estimated matter-energy content of the Universe**





## Strongly Interacting Massive Particles (SIMP)

Idea:

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- Number changing processes in the Dark Sector
- $3 \rightarrow 2$  process fix relic abundance of DM

Consequences:

- SIMP Miracle
  - Strong coupling
  - Sub-GeV Dark Matter
- Small coupling to the Standard Model
- Sizable self-interactions

Hochberg et al. [1402.5143]



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### QCD-like SIMP Models

Underlying confining interaction

• E.g., SU(N), Sp(N), SO(N)

Spontaneously broken flavour symmetry

Stable pNGB  $\Rightarrow$  Dark pions

Wess-Zumino-Witten term  $\Rightarrow 3\pi \rightarrow 2\pi$ 

Hochberg et al. [1411.3727]



### Relic abundance for SIMPlest model

Wess-Zumino-Witten term:

$$\langle \sigma v^2 \rangle \propto \left(\frac{m_\pi}{f_\pi}\right)^{10} \frac{1}{m_\pi^5}$$

Boltzmann equation:

$$\frac{dn}{dt} + 3Hn = -\langle \sigma v^2 \rangle (n^3 - n_{\rm eq} n^2)$$

Freeze-out condition:

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$$\langle \sigma v^2 \rangle n_{\rm eq}^2 \sim H$$

Hochberg et al. [1411.3727]



### Limitations of SIMPlest model

Perturbativity bound:

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$$\frac{m_{\pi}}{f_{\pi}} \lesssim 4\pi$$

NLO corrections closes parameter space Hansen et al. [1507.01590]

Vector mesons should NOT be ignored [1801.07726, 1801.05805, 2311.17157]



Kolesova, Krichevskiy, Kulkarni [to appear]

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### SIMPs with Vector Mesons

#### Interactions with vector mesons





#### Vector meson masses from lattice



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#### Freeze-out with vector mesons

A) WIMP:

- $2\pi \leftrightarrow SM$
- B) Semi-annihilation:  $2\pi \leftrightarrow \pi \rho$ Decay keeps  $\rho$  in equil. with SM.
- C) Decay:  $\rho \leftrightarrow SM$ Semi-annih. keeps  $\rho$  and  $\pi$  in equil.
- D) SIMP with  $\rho$ :  $3\pi \leftrightarrow \pi \rho$

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Combining [1801.05805] and [2311.17157]



#### Freeze-out with vector mesons



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#### Constraints

Bullet cluster limits self-coupling:

$$\frac{\sigma(2\pi \to 2\pi)}{m_{\pi}} \lesssim 2 \, \frac{\mathrm{cm}^2}{\mathrm{g}}$$

Dark photon  $\rightarrow$  Upper limit on  $\epsilon$ Thermalisation  $\rightarrow$  Lower limit on  $\epsilon$ 





### Towards realistic SIMPs

### SIMP models

Representation of the fermions	Complex	Pseudoreal	Real
Example: Fundamental rep.	$SU(N_c)$	$Sp(N_c)$	$O(N_c)$
Chiral symmetry breaking pattern	$SU(N_F) \times SU(N_F)/SU(N_F)$	$SU(2N_F)/Sp(2N_F)$	$SU(2N_F)/SO(2N_F)$
Number of pions	$N_{F}^{2} - 1$	$(2N_F + 1)(N_F - 1)$	$N_F(2N_F+1)-1$



#### Towards realistic SIMPs

Consider scenario with stable pions

• Sp(N)

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Use recent lattice data for  $m_{\rho}/m_{\pi}$ 

Consistent treatment of vector mesons

• Hidden Local Symmetry



### Hidden Local Symmetry Lagrangian



Credit: Pomper, Krichevskiy



### Summary

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- 1. Relic abundance can be fixed by Dark Sector interactions
- 2. Lattice results  $\rightarrow$  Realistic models

Work in progress!



#### Thank you for the attention!



# Backup

Backup

### HLS Lagrangian

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{HLS}}^{\mathrm{IR};(2)} &= -2\beta \left( m_u + m_d \right) + \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \pi^a \partial_\mu \pi^a - \frac{2\beta}{f_\pi^2} \pi^a \pi^b \left\langle \bar{X} T^a T^b \right\rangle \\ &+ \frac{3\alpha_0 - 4}{6f_\pi^2} \pi^a \pi^b \partial_\mu \pi^c \partial^\mu \pi^d \left\langle T^a \left[ T^b, T^c \right] T^d \right\rangle + \frac{2\beta}{3f_\pi^4} \pi^a \pi^b \pi^c \pi^d \left\langle \bar{X} T^a T^b T^c T^d \right\rangle \\ &+ \frac{\alpha_0 f_\pi^2 g_V^2}{2} V_\mu^\alpha V^{\mu,\alpha} + \frac{\alpha_0 f_\pi^2 e_D^2 q^2}{2} Z_\mu Z^\mu - q e_D g_V \alpha_0 f_\pi^2 Z^\mu V_\mu^1 \\ &- \frac{g_V \alpha_0}{2} f^{\alpha b c} V_\mu^\alpha \partial^\mu \pi^b \pi^c + e_D \left( \frac{\alpha_0}{2} - 1 \right) q f^{1bc} Z_\mu \partial^\mu \pi^b \pi^c \\ &+ \frac{1 - \alpha_0}{2\sqrt{2}} e_D^2 q^2 f^{1bc} Z_\mu Z^\mu \pi^a \pi^b \left( \delta_{a,5} \delta_{c,4} - \delta_{c,5} \delta_{a,4} \right) \\ &+ i q e_D g_V \alpha_0 \pi^a \pi^b V_\mu^\alpha Z^\mu \left( -f^{1bc} \left\langle X^\alpha T^a T^c \right\rangle + f^{1ac} \left\langle X^\alpha T^c T^b \right\rangle \right) \\ &+ \left( 2 - \frac{7}{4} \alpha_0 \right) \frac{i e_D q}{3 f_\pi^2} Z^\mu \pi^a \pi^b \pi^c \partial_\mu \pi^d \left\langle \left( 3 T^a \left[ T^d, T^c \right] T^b + \left[ T^a T^b T^c, T^d \right] \right) X^\alpha \right\rangle + \mathcal{O}(6 \text{ fields}), \end{split}$$

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### NLO Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}^{\mathrm{NLO}} = \frac{id_{\mathcal{R}}}{8\pi^2} \varepsilon^{\mu\nu\gamma\delta} \bigg[ ie_D \frac{\alpha_1}{f_\pi^3} r_i^{abc} Z_\mu \partial_\nu \pi^a \partial_\gamma \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c + ig_V \frac{\alpha_1}{f_\pi^3} r_6^{abc} V_\mu^\alpha \partial_\nu \pi^a \partial_\gamma \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ - ie_D g_V^2 \frac{1}{f_\pi} \left( \alpha_2 r_9^{\alpha\beta a} + \alpha_3 r_{22}^{\alpha\beta a} \right) V_\mu^\alpha V_\nu^\beta Z_\gamma \partial_\delta \pi^a - ig_V^3 \frac{1}{f_\pi} \left( \alpha_2 r_{10}^{\alpha\beta aa} + \alpha_3 r_{23}^{\alpha\beta\alpha a} \right) V_\mu^\alpha V_\nu^\beta V_\gamma^\alpha \partial_\delta \pi^a \\ + e_D g_V \frac{\alpha_3 r_{14}^{\alpha\alpha}}{2f_\pi} \bar{V}_{\mu\nu}^\alpha Z_\gamma \partial_\delta \pi^a + g_V^2 \frac{\alpha_3 r_{15}^{\alpha\beta\alpha}}{2f_\pi} \bar{V}_{\mu\nu}^\alpha V_\gamma^\gamma \partial_\delta \pi^a + e_D g_V \frac{\alpha_4 r_{20}^{\alpha}}{2f_\pi^\alpha} V_\mu^\alpha Z_\nu \partial_\delta \pi^a \\ - \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( -\frac{8}{15} r_1^{abcde} + \frac{\alpha_1}{2} r_5^{abcde} \right) \pi^a \partial_\mu \pi^b \partial_\nu \pi^c \partial_\gamma \pi^d \partial_\delta \pi^c + ie_D \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( -\frac{2}{2} r_4^{abc} + \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{30}^{abc} \right) Z_{\mu\nu} \pi^a \partial_\gamma \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ + e_D g_V \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( \alpha_1 r_8^{abc} + \frac{\alpha_2}{2} r_{13}^{abc} \right) V_\mu^\alpha Z_\nu \pi^a \partial_\eta \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c + g_V^2 \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{2} r_{12}^{\alpha\betaabc} + \frac{\alpha_3}{2} r_{25}^{abbc} \right) V_\mu^\alpha V_\nu^\beta \pi^a \partial_\gamma \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ - e_D g_V^3 \frac{1}{f_\pi} \left( \alpha_2 r_{11}^{\alpha\beta\alpha\nu} + \alpha_3 r_{24}^{\alpha\beta\alpha} \right) V_\mu^\alpha V_\nu^\beta V_\gamma^\omega A_\delta \pi^a + ig_V \frac{\alpha_3}{4f_\pi^3} r_{19}^{abc} \bar{V}_{\mu\nu} \pi^a \partial_\gamma \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ - e_D g_V^3 \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{30}^{abc} + \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{30}^{abc} - \frac{2}{9} r_3^{abc} + \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{32}^{abc} \right) F_\mu \mathcal{N}_\gamma \mathcal{N}_\alpha \pi^a \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ + e_D g_V \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( \frac{\alpha_4}{12} r_{16}^{\alpha\beta\mu} + \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{30}^{abc} - \frac{2}{9} r_3^{abc} + \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{32}^{abc} \right) F_\mu \mathcal{N}_\gamma \mathcal{N}_\alpha \pi^a \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ - ie_D g_V^2 \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} r_{16}^{\alpha\beta\alpha} \bar{V}_\mu^\alpha V_\gamma^\beta \mathcal{N}_\delta \pi^a - ie_D^2 \mathcal{N}_\alpha \mathcal{N}_\alpha^\alpha r_\mu^\alpha \mathcal{N}_\mu^\alpha \mathcal{N}_\mu^\alpha \mathcal{N}_\mu^\alpha \partial_\sigma \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ + e_D g_V \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( \frac{\alpha_4}{12} r_{17}^{\alpha\beta\mu} + \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{33}^{abc} - \frac{2}{9} r_3^{abc} + \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{32}^{abc} \right) F_\mu \mathcal{N}_\gamma \pi^a \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ + g_V \frac{\alpha_3}{12f_\pi^3} r_1^{\alpha\beta\alpha} \bar{V}_\mu^\alpha \mathcal{N}_\gamma^\alpha \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c + e_D g_V \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( \frac{\alpha_4}{12} r_{23}^{\alpha\beta\mu} + \frac{\alpha_4}{4} r_{32}^{\alpha\beta\mu} \right) \bar{V}_\mu^\alpha \mathcal{N}_\gamma^\alpha \pi^\alpha \pi^b \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ - e_D^2 \frac{1}{26f_\pi^3} r_\mu^\alpha r_\mu^\alpha \mathcal{N}_\gamma^\beta \pi^\alpha \pi^\beta \pi^\beta \partial_\delta \pi^c + e_D g_V \frac{1}{f_\pi^3} \left( \frac{\alpha_4}{12} r_{23}^{\alpha\beta\mu\nu} \right) V_\mu^\alpha \mathcal{N}_\gamma \pi^\alpha \pi^\beta \pi^\beta \partial_\delta \pi^c \\ - e_D^2 \frac{1}{26f_\pi^3$$

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