

Essential ingredients for chiral gravitational waves from 2-form fields

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Ongoing work with **Tomoaki Murata^{1,2}** and **Tsutomu Kobayashi¹**

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2-form+dual 2-form [B. Altschul et al. (2010)]

[T. Manton and S. Alexander (2024)]

$\mathcal{L} \supset B^{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}^{\alpha\beta} R_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} \rightarrow$ **Gravitational parity violation**

Our work: Ghost-free 2-form + dual 2-form $\rightarrow$ Chiral GWs?

Ghost-free 2-form [L. Heisenberg and G. Trenkler (2020)]

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}{2} R - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} + \beta B^{\mu\nu} B^{\alpha\beta} L_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} - V(X)$$

- (Kalb-Ramond, KR) 2-form field:

$$B_{\mu\nu}$$

- Dual 2-form field:

$$\tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} \equiv \frac{1}{2} \varepsilon_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} B^{\alpha\beta}$$

- Double dual Riemann tensor:

$$\begin{aligned} L_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} &\equiv R_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} + R_{\mu\beta} g_{\nu\alpha} + R_{\nu\alpha} g_{\mu\beta} \\ &\quad - R_{\mu\alpha} g_{\nu\beta} - R_{\nu\beta} g_{\mu\alpha} \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} R (g_{\mu\alpha} g_{\nu\beta} - g_{\mu\beta} g_{\nu\alpha}) \end{aligned}$$

- Field strength:

$$H_{\mu\nu\rho} \equiv 3\nabla_{[\mu} B_{\nu\rho]}$$

Methods & Results (1)

- Construct 4D action from $B_{\mu\nu}, \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu}, R_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta}$.

⊃ Ghost DoFs → Constrain the coefficients of these terms to zero.

Redefining of 2-forms → The action can be brought into the same form as that studied by L. Heisenberg & G. Trenkler (2020).

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}{2} R - \frac{1}{12} F_{\mu\nu\rho} F^{\mu\nu\rho} + \beta A^{\mu\nu} A^{\alpha\beta} L_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} - V(X_A, Y_A)$$

$$A_{\mu\nu} = B_{\mu\nu} + \alpha \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu}, \quad F_{\mu\nu\rho} := 3\nabla_{[\mu} A_{\nu\rho]}, \quad X_A := A^{\mu\nu} A_{\mu\nu}, \quad Y_A := A^{\mu\nu} \tilde{A}_{\mu\nu}$$

- Inconsistency with the isotropy → Introduce triplet of 2-form fields.

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}{2} R - \frac{1}{12} F_{\mu\nu\rho}^{(a)} F_{(a)}^{\mu\nu\rho} + \beta A_{(a)}^{\mu\nu} A_{(a)}^{\alpha\beta} L_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} - V(X, Y) + \mathcal{L}_{\text{m}}$$

$$F_{\mu\nu\rho}^{(a)} := 3\partial_{[\mu} A_{\nu\rho]}^{(a)}, \quad X := A_{(a)}^{\mu\nu} A_{\mu\nu}^{(a)}, \quad Y := A_{(a)}^{\mu\nu} \tilde{A}_{\mu\nu}^{(a)}$$

Methods & Results (2)

- Conditions that tensor perturbations should satisfy

Ghost-free	$U > 0$
Real propagation speed	$U > 2\beta\dot{H}$

$$U := -2\beta H^2 + V_X$$

- Chirality of GWs

Picking up parity violating term from the action

→ Chiral GWs arise if

the potential depends on Y and consequently $\phi_E \neq 0$.